4910-06-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Federal Railroad Administration** 

[Docket No. FRA-2019-0004-N-20]

**Proposed Agency Information Collection Activities; Comment Request** 

**AGENCY:** Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) and its implementing regulations, FRA is informing the public that FRA proposes to make three minor revisions to the Quarterly Positive Train Control (PTC) Progress Report Form (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Report Form (Form FRA F 6180.166), which the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) previously approved on September 24, 2018, under its regular processing procedures. In addition, FRA is now proposing to require host railroads operating FRA-certified PTC systems to submit a Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) to fulfill the temporary reporting requirement under the Positive Train Control Enforcement and Implementation Act of 2015 (PTCEI Act), and FRA is proposing an alternative reporting frequency and reporting location, as the statutory mandate authorizes FRA to establish. Before submitting this revised information collection request (ICR) to OMB for regular clearance and approval, FRA is soliciting public comment on specific aspects of the proposed ICR described below.

**DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE **FEDERAL REGISTER**].

**ADDRESSES:** Submit written comments on the ICR activities by mail to either: Ms. Hodan Wells, Information Collection Clearance Officer, Office of Railroad Safety, Regulatory Analysis Division, FRA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590; or Ms. Kim Toone, Information Collection Clearance Officer, Office of Information Technology, FRA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. Commenters requesting FRA to acknowledge receipt of their respective comments must include a self-addressed stamped postcard stating, "Comments on OMB Control Number 2130-0553," and should also include the title of the ICR. Alternatively, comments may be emailed to Ms. Wells at hodan.wells@dot.gov, or Ms. Toone at kim.toone@dot.gov. Please refer to the assigned OMB control number in any correspondence submitted. FRA will summarize comments received in response to this notice in a subsequent notice and include them in its information collection submission to OMB for approval. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Hodan Wells, Information Collection Clearance Officer, Office of Railroad Safety, Regulatory Analysis Division, FRA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590 (telephone: (202) 493-0440); or Ms. Kim Toone, Information Collection Clearance Officer, Office of Information Technology, FRA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590 (telephone:

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

(202) 493-6132).

### I. Public Comment Under the PRA

The PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3520, and its implementing regulations, 5 CFR part 1320, require Federal agencies to provide 60-days' notice to the public to allow comment on information collection activities before seeking OMB approval of the activities. *See* 44 U.S.C. 3506, 3507; 5 CFR 1320.8–1320.12.

Specifically, FRA invites interested parties to comment on the following ICR regarding: (1) whether the information collection activities are necessary for FRA to properly execute its functions, including whether the activities will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FRA's estimates of the burden of the information collection activities, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used to determine the estimates; (3) ways for FRA to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information being collected; and (4) ways for FRA to minimize the burden of information collection activities on the public, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. *See* 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A); 5 CFR 1320.8(d)(1).

FRA believes that soliciting public comment may reduce the administrative and paperwork burdens associated with the collection of information that Federal statutes and regulations mandate. In summary, FRA reasons that comments received will advance three objectives: (1) reduce reporting burdens; (2) organize information collection requirements in a "user-friendly" format to improve the use of such information; and (3) accurately assess the resources expended to retrieve and produce information requested. *See* 44 U.S.C. 3501.

# II. Background on the Quarterly and Annual PTC Progress-related Reporting Requirements

Under the PTCEI Act, each railroad subject to 49 U.S.C. 20157(a) must submit an

annual progress report to FRA by March 31, 2016, and annually thereafter, until it has fully implemented an FRA-certified and interoperable PTC system. 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(1). The PTCEI Act specifically requires each railroad to provide certain information in the annual reports regarding its progress toward implementing a PTC system, in addition to any other information FRA requests. *See id.* Further, 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(2) requires FRA to conduct compliance reviews at least annually to ensure each railroad is complying with its revised PTC Implementation Plan (PTCIP), including any FRA-approved amendments. The PTCEI Act requires railroads to provide information to FRA that FRA determines is necessary to adequately conduct such compliance reviews. 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(2).

Accordingly, under its statutory and regulatory authority, FRA currently requires, and seeks to continue requiring, each subject railroad to submit Quarterly PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.166), until the railroad finishes fully implementing an FRA-certified and interoperable PTC system on its required main lines. *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(1)–(2); *see also* 49 CFR 236.1009(h). Each subject railroad must submit these quarterly reports by the due dates in the following table:<sup>1</sup>

	Coverage Period	Due Dates for Quarterly PTC Progress Reports
Q1	January 1 – March 31	April 30
Q2	April 1 – June 30	July 31
Q3	July 1 – September 30	October 31
Q4	October 1 – December 31	January 31

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As stated on the cover page of the Quarterly PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.165), "A railroad must submit quarterly reports until a PTC system is fully implemented on all required main lines under 49 U.S.C. 20157 and 49 CFR part 236, subpart I, including a quarterly report for the quarter in which the railroad completes full PTC system implementation." *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(2).

Each applicable railroad must submit its Quarterly PTC Progress Reports on Form FRA F 6180.165 and its Annual PTC Progress Reports on Form FRA F 6180.166 on FRA's Secure Information Repository at https://sir.fra.dot.gov. By law, only 35 railroads<sup>2</sup> (including 32 host railroads and 3 tenant-only commuter railroads) are currently required to submit Quarterly PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.166).

## III. Proposed Revisions to the Quarterly and Annual PTC Progress Report Forms

On September 24, 2018, OMB approved the Quarterly PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.166) for a period of 18 months, expiring on March 31, 2020. The current Quarterly PTC Progress Report Form and Annual PTC Progress Report Form, as approved through March 31, 2020, can be accessed and downloaded in FRA's eLibrary at:

https://www.fra.dot.gov/eLib/details/L17365 and

https://www.fra.dot.gov/eLib/details/L17366, respectively. These versions of the forms took into account prior comments from the Association of American Railroads (AAR) on behalf of itself and its member railroads; the American Public Transportation Association on behalf of the Northeast Illinois Commuter Rail System (Metra), the Utah Transit Authority, the Tri-County Metropolitan Transportation District of Oregon, and the Fort Worth Transportation Authority; and industry stakeholders during FRA's public meeting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Currently, 42 railroads are directly subject to the statutory mandate to implement a PTC system. However, only 35 railroads are currently subject to these progress-related reporting requirements, given that by law, such reporting requirements no longer apply to the 4 host railroads that fully implemented PTC systems as of December 31, 2018, and 3 other tenant-only commuter railroads that fully implemented their PTC systems to date.

on April 19, 2016. FRA published minutes from the public meeting on *www.regulations.gov* under Docket No. FRA 2016-0002-N-17.<sup>3</sup>

Following the 60-day public comment period after this notice is published, FRA will request OMB's re-approval of the forms, with the three changes described below. First, per the industry's and OMB's previous recommendations, FRA has considered ways in which it can phase out certain requirements of the Quarterly PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.166), while railroads continue to fully implement their PTC systems on the required main lines.

Although many of the specific reporting requirements are statutorily required under 49 U.S.C. 20157(c)(1)(A)–(G), FRA is amenable to making certain sections of both forms optional for most railroads, at this stage. Specifically, FRA is proposing to make the following sections of both the Quarterly PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.166) optional for most railroads: Section 2 ("Update on Spectrum"); Section 3.1 ("Locomotive Status"), except the software-related narrative section; and Section 3.3 ("Infrastructure/Wayside Status").

FRA proposes that those sections would be optional for any railroad that previously demonstrated to FRA it had finished acquiring all necessary spectrum and installing all PTC system hardware for the implementation of its PTC system, consistent with the governing FRA-approved PTCIP. This would encompass nearly all railroads subject to the statutory mandate that are still in the process of fully implementing their PTC systems—including the railroads currently field testing their PTC systems,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For a summary of past oral and written comments and FRA's responses to the comments, please see 81 FR 28140 (May 9, 2016); 81 FR 65702 (Sept. 23, 2016); and 83 FR 39152 (Aug. 8, 2018).

conducting revenue service demonstration (RSD) or expanding RSD to additional main lines, and conducting interoperability testing with their PTC-required tenant railroads—given that railroads generally needed to finish acquiring spectrum and installing PTC system hardware by December 31, 2018, to qualify for and obtain FRA's approval of an alternative schedule and sequence by law. *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(a)(3)(B).

The only railroads for which the above sections—Sections 2, 3.1, and 3.3—would remain mandatory are those railroads that are still in the spectrum acquisition or hardware installation phases, which is the case for certain railroads that, for example: (A) commenced regularly scheduled intercity passenger or commuter rail service after December 31, 2018, and therefore did not need to qualify for or obtain FRA's approval of an alternative schedule; (B) are in the process of constructing new main lines subject to the statutory mandate; or (C) have one or more lines that are subject to a temporary main line track exception and must still implement a PTC system. In those three cases, FRA would still need to obtain updates regarding such railroads' progress toward acquiring all necessary spectrum and installing all necessary PTC system hardware.

Second, in Section 4 (entitled "Installation/Track Segment Progress") of both the quarterly form and the annual form, FRA proposes adding a new option to the drop-down menus. Currently, the options include only: "Not Started," "Installing," "Field Testing," "Revenue Service Demonstration," and "Operational/Complete." Given that some railroads are beyond the installation phase, but not yet at the field testing phase on multiple track segments, FRA proposes to add a new option to the drop-down menu, specifically labeled, "Pre-field Testing." That way, such railroads will not need to select "Installing" or "Field Testing," neither of which would accurately represent the actual

status of a railroad's specific track segment. This minor revision to the forms will help ensure clearer and more accurate reporting, without imposing an additional reporting burden. For consistency with Section 4, FRA also proposes to update the corresponding drop-down menu in Section 6 (entitled "Update on Interoperability Progress") of both forms to include the same options: "Not Started," "Installing," "Pre-field Testing," "Field Testing," "Revenue Service Demonstration," and "Operational/Complete."

Third, in Section 6 (entitled "Update on Interoperability Progress") of both the quarterly form and the annual form, FRA proposes revising the heading of the last column in the table to state, "Current Tenant Interoperability Status," instead of "Current Tenant Implementation Status," to help ensure proper interpretation. For example, at least one commuter railroad has improperly listed the status of a Class I tenant railroad's progress toward fully implementing a PTC system on the Class I railroad's own main lines (so as a host railroad), instead of the Class I railroad's status specifically as a tenant railroad on that commuter railroad's required main lines. FRA expects that this minor revision might make this heading clearer.

Railroads' submission of Quarterly PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.166)—consistent with the reporting requirements under the PTCEI Act—enables FRA to effectively monitor railroads' progress toward fully implementing FRA-certified and interoperable PTC systems on the approximately 57,855 route miles subject to the statutory mandate. Such reporting also enables FRA to identify railroad-specific and industry-wide obstacles to full PTC system implementation and to provide timely technical assistance. Moreover,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Previously, the relevant part of the drop-down menu allowed a host railroad to indicate only that a tenant railroad was generally conducting "testing," without specifying the stage of testing.

this reporting framework enables FRA to provide the public and Congress with data-driven status reports on industry's progress toward implementing this mandated technology on a regular basis, which will be especially important throughout 2020, as the statutory deadline for most mandated railroads to fully implement PTC systems is December 31, 2020.

# IV. Proposal for a New Mandatory Form – Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177)

Under the Early Adoption provisions in the PTCEI Act, the statutory mandate explicitly recognizes that certain PTC system failures (e.g., initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions) will occur while, and even after, railroads fully implement FRA-certified and interoperable PTC systems on the mandated main lines. *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(1)–(4). The PTCEI Act temporarily prohibits FRA from imposing or enforcing the operational restrictions (e.g., speed restrictions) under FRA's regulations governing signal and train control systems (specifically, 49 CFR 236.567) and FRA's PTC regulations (specifically, 49 CFR 236.1029), "provided that such carrier operates at an equivalent or greater level of safety than the level achieved immediately prior to the use or implementation of its [PTC] system." 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(1).

This statutory prohibition specifying that "any railroad . . . shall not be subject to the operational restrictions" under 49 CFR 236.567 or 236.1029 is in effect from October 29, 2015, to approximately December 31, 2021. *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(1). In addition, the PTCEI Act established a new reporting requirement that applies only during that period and only to PTC systems that FRA has certified and have been implemented,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Specifically, the PTCEI Act states that the Early Adoption period ends one year *after* the last Class I railroad obtains PTC System Certification from FRA and finishes fully implementing a PTC system on all of its required main lines.

including on a subset of a railroad's mandated main lines. 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4). For example, acknowledging the incremental nature of implementation, the PTCEI Act required Class I railroads to demonstrate they had "implemented a [PTC] system or initiated revenue service demonstration on the *majority* of [PTC-mandated] territories . . . or route miles that are owned or controlled by such carrier[s]," to qualify for an alternative schedule and sequence by law. 49 U.S.C. 20157(a)(3)(B)(vi) (emphasis added).

As a default, the reporting requirement under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4) specifies that when an FRA-certified PTC system "fails to initialize, cuts out, or malfunctions," the railroad must submit a notification to the appropriate FRA regional office within 7 days of the system failure, and the notification must include a description of the safety measures the railroad has in place. However, the PTCEI Act also authorizes FRA to establish an alternative reporting deadline (instead of within 7 days of each occurrence) and an alternative reporting location (instead of submitting the notifications to the appropriate FRA region). *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4); 49 CFR 1.89.

To be clear, FRA is authorized to establish only an alternative reporting deadline and an alternative reporting location, and the statutory mandate does not permit FRA to change either the scope of this temporary reporting requirement or the information that must be submitted. At multiple industry meetings, FRA proactively sought railroads' input regarding possible alternative reporting deadlines and locations, focusing on options that would be reasonable and consistent with the statutory reporting framework.<sup>6</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For example, FRA solicited input about the statutory failure-related reporting requirement at FRA's first PTC symposium on June 15, 2018; two of FRA's three PTC collaboration sessions during 2019, on February 6, 2019, and October 2, 2019; and several AAR PTC Executive Committee meetings, including

At the industry meetings, FRA and industry stakeholders generally reached a consensus about a reasonable alternative for a reporting location. Accordingly, FRA proposes that the Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures, under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4), must be submitted to FRA's headquarters, using an electronic, web-based form, instead of notifying each applicable FRA region. Such centralized reporting would better enable FRA to aggregate and analyze the required data regarding PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions. FRA is currently designing and developing a web-based form for the Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177), and FRA notes that the electronic form will contain fields for the information explicitly required under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4) and as described below.

With respect to the default reporting deadline under the PTCEI Act (i.e., within 7 days of each occurrence), many railroads have stressed that notifying FRA each time an FRA-certified PTC system fails to initialize, cuts out, or malfunctions would be extremely burdensome, given the frequency of such occurrences. As an example, one commuter railroad reported more than 75 instances of initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions, during a one-week period in October 2019. FRA proposes requiring that a railroad consolidate such information prior to submission, rather than notifying FRA within 7 days of each occurrence and submitting such data in a piecemeal manner, which could occur under the default requirement in 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4).

Acknowledging railroads' concerns about the burdens associated with the default reporting frequency under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4), FRA proposes instead a two-tiered or bifurcated reporting deadline/frequency for this temporary reporting requirement, where

participation by the Class I railroads, Amtrak, Metra, the Southern California Regional Rail Authority (Metrolink), and other host railroads subject to the statutory mandate.

the reporting frequency would depend on whether or not the host railroad has fully implemented an FRA-certified and interoperable PTC system on all its required route miles. First, if a host railroad is operating an FRA-certified PTC system but the railroad is still in the process of fully implementing the PTC system on its required main lines, FRA proposes that such railroads must submit a *quarterly* notification of the PTC system's initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions, during the ongoing implementation process. Such quarterly notifications would be due on the same dates as the Quarterly PTC Progress Reports (Form FRA F 6180.165):

	Coverage Period	Due Dates for Quarterly Notifications of PTC System Failures
Q1	January 1 – March 31	April 30
Q2	April 1 – June 30	July 31
Q3	July 1 – September 30	October 31
Q4	October 1 – December 31	January 31

For example, this would mean that most host railroads that have obtained PTC System Certification to date would submit quarterly notifications until January 31, 2021, as most host railroads will be in the process of fully implementing FRA-certified and interoperable PTC systems on their mandated main lines until December 31, 2020. FRA believes that requiring host railroads to submit failure-related notifications on a quarterly basis (instead of within 7 days of each occurrence) *during* the implementation process is reasonable, given that such host railroads are concurrently focusing on activating their FRA-certified PTC systems on their remaining required main lines and achieving interoperability with their tenant railroads by December 31, 2020. FRA believes that receiving the failure-related data on a quarterly basis would still enable FRA to compile

and analyze the data to understand and monitor the performance and reliability of PTC systems over time.

Second, once a host railroad has fully implemented its FRA-certified and interoperable PTC system on all its required main lines, FRA proposes that the host railroad must submit the Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) *monthly*, instead of quarterly. This is still significantly less burdensome than the default reporting deadline under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4)—i.e., within 7 days of each discrete occurrence. For example, upon FRA's receipt of OMB's approval, each of the four host railroads that fully implemented FRA-certified and interoperable PTC systems by December 31, 2018,<sup>7</sup> would immediately begin submitting monthly notifications, rather than piecemeal notifications within 7 days each time its PTC system fails to initialize, cuts out, or malfunctions. FRA proposes that the due date for the monthly notification would be the 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month, so, for example, the notification regarding PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions during March 2020 would be due by April 15, 2020, for the subset of host railroads that have fully implemented an FRA-certified PTC system.

The other host railroads subject to the statutory mandate that are operating FRA-certified PTC systems but that are still in the process of fully implementing their PTC systems (e.g., 6 Class I railroads, Amtrak, and the Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority, as of November 1, 2019, and any other host railroad that obtains PTC System Certification going forward) would transition from submitting the Statutory Notifications of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) on a quarterly

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Metrolink, the North County Transit District, the Port Authority Trans-Hudson, and Portland & Western Railroad.

basis to a monthly basis, when they finish fully implementing their PTC systems on their required main lines. For simplicity, in general, this two-tiered reporting framework would mean that most host railroads that have obtained PTC System Certification would submit quarterly Statutory Notifications of PTC System Failures throughout 2020, and then monthly notifications throughout 2021.

As noted above, the PTCEI Act authorizes FRA to establish only an alternative reporting deadline (instead of within 7 days of each occurrence) and an alternative reporting location (instead of submitting the notifications to the appropriate FRA region). The proposed Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) would, by necessity, contain a table in which the host railroad would identify the number of times each type of PTC system failure identified in the statutory mandate occurred during the reporting period: any failure to initialize, any cut out, and any malfunction, as defined below. 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4). During FRA's industry meetings to date, railroads have requested clarification regarding the meaning and scope of these statutory terms. Given that the statutory mandate requires railroads to notify FRA any time a PTC system "fails to initialize, cuts out, or malfunctions," FRA interprets these terms reasonably broadly and in accordance with their plain language meaning, to encompass the following, for purposes of this temporary reporting requirement:

• Failure to Initialize: Any locomotive or train that departs the initial terminal without being governed by a PTC system.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> By law, this temporary reporting requirement under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4) sunsets on approximately December 31, 2021—or more specifically, one year after the last Class I railroad obtains PTC System Certification from FRA and finishes fully implementing an FRA-certified and interoperable PTC system on all its required main lines.

- *Cut Out*: Any cut out of a PTC system en route, including when the PTC system cuts out on its own or a person cuts out the system, unless the cut out was necessary to exit PTC-governed territory and enter non-PTC territory.
- *Malfunction*: Any failure of a PTC system, subsystem, or component that prevents, or could prevent, the PTC system from performing the functions mandated under 49 U.S.C. 20157(i)(5) and 49 CFR part 236, subpart I.

The proposed web-based form (Form FRA F 6180.177) would require host railroads to identify the number of PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions by state and subdivision<sup>9</sup> to enable FRA to closely monitor trends in PTC system reliability throughout the country and focus its resources, for example, on any areas where such failures are occurring at a high rate. FRA seeks comment about this proposed aspect of the information collection. Although a categorization of such information by state and subdivision is FRA's preference, FRA may modify its approach based on industry's comments submitted during the 60-day comment period. Please note, however, that absent a breakdown by state and subdivision, FRA would require host railroads to identify the number of PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions *per* FRA region, <sup>10</sup> at a minimum. That alternative approach would retain the same minimum level of geographical information about where such PTC system failures are occurring, as explicitly required under the default reporting requirement under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Or any other categorization a host railroad uses in its timetables, including district, territory, main line, branch, or corridor. FRA recognizes that this specific type of information (i.e., a breakdown by state and subdivision) is not required under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4), and FRA would be collecting such information under its general authority under 49 CFR 236.1009(h).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> For a map outlining FRA's eight regions, please see: https://railroads.dot.gov/divisions/regional-offices/regional-offices.

Also, based on railroads' input at industry meetings, FRA notes that the proposed Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) would additionally require a host railroad to list a percentage, demonstrating how the occurrences of PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions compare to all operations on that host railroad's PTC-governed main lines. Several railroads have commented that, without such a percentage or context, the frequency of these failures might otherwise seem high, and a percentage would help convey the actual rate of such failures.

In addition, at industry meetings to date, multiple railroads have expressed that FRA should not require tenant railroads to submit this failure-related information directly to FRA, but via their host railroads. Accordingly, FRA proposes that only host railroads subject to the statutory mandate (currently 36 host railroads) would submit the Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177), and these notifications would encompass both a host railroad's and its tenant railroads' PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions. However, FRA seeks comments about how to structure this element of the web-based form in a way that would both minimize the reporting burden and distinctly represent the number of PTC system initialization failures, cut outs, and malfunctions per tenant railroad.

Finally, as noted above, 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4) explicitly requires a railroad to provide in the notification "a description of the safety measures the affected railroad . . . has in place," so the table in the web-based Statutory Notification of PTC System

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> FRA recognizes that this specific type of information is not required under 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(4), and FRA would be collecting such information under its general authority under 49 CFR 236.1009(h).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> This approach would be consistent with the existing regulatory requirement specifying that a tenant railroad must report a PTC system failure or cut out to "a designated railroad officer of the *host railroad* as soon as safe and practicable." *See* 49 CFR 236.1029(b)(4) (emphasis added).

Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177) would contain fields for a host railroad to enter such information.

### V. Overview of Information Collection

FRA will submit this ICR to OMB for regular clearance as required by the PRA.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved information collection.

*Title*: Positive Train Control and Other Signal Systems (including the Quarterly Positive Train Control Progress Report, the Annual Positive Train Control Progress Report, and the Statutory Notification of Positive Train Control System Failures).<sup>13</sup>

OMB Control Number: 2130-0553.

*Form(s)*: FRA F 6180.165, FRA F 6180.166, and FRA F 6180.177.

Affected Public: Businesses.

Frequency of Submission: On occasion (depending on the specific reporting requirement).

Respondent Universe: 35 railroads<sup>14</sup> (including 32 host railroads and 3 tenant-only commuter railroads) for the Quarterly PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.165) and Annual PTC Progress Report (Form FRA F 6180.166); 36 host railroads for the Statutory Notification of PTC System Failures (Form FRA F 6180.177); and varies for other information collections under OMB Control No. 2130-0553, as noted in the table below.

Respondent Burden:

<sup>13</sup> FRA makes a technical correction to the title of OMB Control Number 2130-0553.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Currently, 42 railroads are directly subject to the statutory mandate to implement a PTC system. However, only 35 railroads are currently subject to these progress-related reporting requirements, given that by law, such reporting requirements no longer apply to the 4 host railroads that fully implemented PTC systems as of December 31, 2018, and 3 other tenant-only commuter railroads that fully implemented their PTC systems to date.

CFR Section/Subject	Respondent Universe	Total Annual Responses	Average	Total	Total
			Time per	Annual	Annual
			Response	Burden	Dollar Cost
				Hours	Equivalent <sup>15</sup>
235.6(c) – Expedited	42 railroads	10 expedited applications	5 hours	50	\$3,800
application for approval				hours	
of certain changes					
described in this section					
- Copy of expedited	42 railroads	10 copies	30	5 hours	\$380
application to labor union		_	minutes		
– Railroad letter	42 railroads	1 letter	6 hours	6 hours	\$456
rescinding its request for					
expedited application of					
certain signal system					
changes					
– Revised application for	42 railroads	1 application	5 hours	5 hours	\$380
certain signal system		- FF			7200
changes					
- Copy of railroad	42 railroads	1 copy	30	.5 hours	\$38
revised application to	42 famouds	Теору	minutes	.5 Hours	Ψ30
labor union			iiiiiutes		
236.1 – Railroad	700 railroads	25 plan changes	15	6.3	\$479
maintained signal plans	700 famoads	23 plan changes	minutes	hours	Ψτιν
at all interlockings,			iiiiiutes	nours	
automatic signal					
locations, and controlled					
points, and updates to					
ensure accuracy	700 railroads	10 timetable instructions	30	<i>5</i> 1	¢200
236.15 – Designation of	700 railroads	10 timetable instructions		5 hours	\$380
automatic block, traffic			minutes		
control, train stop, train					
control, cab signal, and					
PTC territory in timetable instructions					
	2 1 1.	21	1.00	220	¢24.220
236.18 – Software	2 railroads	2 plans	160	320	\$24,320
management control plan			hours	hours	
- New railroads	700 11 1	2 1:5: .:	1.1	2.1	Ф1.50
236.23(e) – The names,	700 railroads	2 modifications	1 hour	2 hours	\$152
indications, and aspects					
of roadway and cab					
signals shall be defined					
in the carrier's Operating					
Rule Book or Special					
Instructions.					
Modifications shall be					
filed with FRA within 30					
days after such					
modifications become					
effective					
236.587(d) –	742 railroads	4,562,500 train departures	5	6,337	\$481,612
Certification and			seconds	hours	
departure test results					

<sup>-</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The dollar equivalent cost is derived from the Surface Transportation Board's Full Year Wage A&B data series using the appropriate employee group hourly wage rate that includes a 75-percent overhead charge.

236.905(a) – Railroad	2 railroads	2 RSPPs	40 hours	80	\$6,080
Safety Program Plan	2 full odds	2 13113	10 Hours	hours	ψ0,000
(RSPP) – New railroads				nours	
236.913(a) – Filing and	742 railroads	1 joint plan	2,000	2,000	\$230,000
approval of a joint	, . <b>=</b> 1411104445	ı jonn pımı	hours	hours	<b>4200,000</b>
Product Safety Plan			110 0115	110 0115	
(PSP)					
(c)(1) – Informational	742 railroads	.5 filings/approval	50 hours	25	\$1,900
filing/petition for special	, . <b>_</b> 141110445	petitions	00110415	hours	41,500
approval		F			
(c)(2) – Response to	742 railroads	.25 data calls/documents	5 hours	1 hour	\$76
FRA's request for further					
data after informational					
filing					
(d)(1)(ii) – Response to	742 railroads	.25 data calls/documents	1 hour	.25	\$19
FRA's request for further				hours	
information within 15					
days after receipt of the					
Notice of Product					
Development (NOPD)					
(d)(1)(iii) – Technical	742 railroads	.25 technical consultations	5 hours	1.3	\$99
consultation by FRA with				hour	
the railroad on the design					
and planned development					
of the product					
(d)(1)(v) – Railroad	742 railroads	.25 petitions	1 hour	.25	\$19
petition to FRA for final				hours	
approval of NOPD					
(d)(2)(ii) – Response to	742 railroads	1 request	50 hours	50	\$3,800
FRA's request for				hours	
additional information					
associated with a petition					
for approval of PSP or					
PSP amendment					
(e) – Comments to FRA	742 railroads	.5 comments/letters	10 hours	5 hours	\$380
on railroad informational					
filing or special approval					
petition					
(h)(3)(i) – Railroad	742 railroads	2 amendments	20 hours	40	\$3,040
amendment to PSP				hours	
(j) – Railroad field	742 railroads	1 field test document	100	100	\$7,600
testing/information filing			hours	hours	
document					
236.917(a) – Railroad	13 railroads with PSP	13 PSP safety results	160	2,080	\$158,080
retention of records:	-	,	hours	hours	,
results of tests and					
inspections specified in					
the PSP					
(b) – Railroad report that	13 railroads	1 report	40 hours	40	\$3,040
	15 Tailloaus I	1 Teport	10 110 0115		
frequency of safety-	15 famoads	1 Teport	TO HOUIS	hours	. ,
relevant hazards exceeds	13 Tallioaus	Tiepott	TO HOUIS	_	. ,

(b)(3) – Railroad final	13 railroads	1 report	10 hours	10	\$760
report to FRA on the				hours	
results of the analysis and					
countermeasures taken to					
reduce the frequency of					
safety-relevant hazards					
236.919(a) – Railroad	13 railroads	1 OMM update	40 hours	40	\$3,040
Operations and		_		hours	
Maintenance Manual					
(OMM)					
(b) – Plans for proper	13 railroads	1 plan update	40 hours	40	\$3,040
maintenance, repair,		- F		hours	40,010
inspection, and testing of					
safety-critical products					
(c) – Documented	13 railroads	1 revision	40 hours	40	\$3,040
hardware, software, and	13 famoads	1 Tevision	40 1100118	hours	\$3,040
firmware revisions in				nours	
OMM					
· - · · ·	12 11		40.1	10	<b>\$2.040</b>
236.921 and 923(a) –	13 railroads	1 program	40 hours	40	\$3,040
Railroad Training and				hours	
Qualification Program					
236.923(b) – Training	13 railroads	350 records	10	58	\$4,408
records retained in a	13 14111 0443	250 1000143	minutes	hours	Ψ1,100
designated location and			mmuces	nours	
available to FRA upon					
-					
request Form FRA F 6180.165 –	35 railroads	140 man anta/famma	23.22	3,251	\$247,076
	55 faiiroads	140 reports/forms			\$247,070
Quarterly PTC Progress			hours	hours	
Report Form (49 U.S.C.					
20157(c)(2))	25 11 1	25 /5	40.12	1 404	Φ106 <b>7</b> 04
Form FRA F 6180.166 –	35 railroads	35 reports/forms	40.12	1,404	\$106,704
Annual PTC Progress			hours	hours	
Report Form (49 U.S.C.					
20157(c)(1) and 49 CFR					
236.1009(a)(5))					
Form FRA F 6180.177 –	36 railroads	190 reports/forms	1 hour	190	\$14,440
Statutory Notification of				hours	
PTC System Failures					
(*New Form* Under 49					
U.S.C. 20157(j)(4)) <sup>16</sup>					
236.1001(b) – A	36 railroads	1 rule or instruction	40 hours	40	\$4,600
railroad's additional or				hours	. ,
more stringent rules than					
prescribed under 49 CFR					
part 236, subpart I					
236.1005(b)(4)(iii) – A	7 Class I railroads	1 exception request	40 hours	40	\$3,040
railroad's request for a de	/ Class I failloads	1 exception request	70 Hours	hours	Ψ5,040
minimis exception, in a				nours	
PTCIP or an RFA, based					
*					
on a minimal quantity of					
PIH materials traffic					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Form FRA F 6180.177: This temporary reporting requirement would expire by law on approximately December 31, 2021, as further explained in Section IV of this notice. *See* 49 U.S.C. 20157(j).

(g)(1)(i) – A railroad's	36 railroads	45 rerouting extension	8 hours	360	\$27,360
request to temporarily		requests		hours	
reroute trains not					
equipped with a PTC					
system onto PTC-					
equipped tracks and vice					
versa during certain					
emergencies					
(g)(1)(ii) – A railroad's	36 railroads	45 written or telephonic	2 hours	90	\$6,840
written or telephonic		notices		hours	
notice to the applicable					
FRA Regional					
Administrator of the					
conditions necessitating					
emergency rerouting and					
other required					
information under					
236.1005(i)					
(g)(2) - A  railroad's	36 railroads	720 requests	8 hours	5,760	\$437,760
temporary rerouting	30 fairioads	720 requests	o nours	hours	ψ <del>τ</del> 31,100
request due to planned				nours	
maintenance not					
exceeding 30 days					
(h)(1) - A response to	36 railroads	10 maguagts	2 hours	20	\$1,520
any request for additional	30 Taintoaus	10 requests	2 Hours	hours	\$1,320
- 1				Hours	
information from the					
FRA Regional					
Administrator or					
Associate Administrator,					
prior to commencing					
rerouting due to planned					
maintenance	0.5	1.50	0.1	4.000	фо <b>л 2</b> 00
(h)(2) – A railroad's	36 railroads	160 requests	8 hours	1,280	\$97,280
request to temporarily				hours	
reroute trains due to					
planned maintenance					
exceeding 30 days					
236.1006(b)(4)(iii)(B) -	36 railroads	5 reports	16 hours	80	\$6,080
A progress report due by				hours	
December 31, 2020, and					
by December 31, 2022,					
from any Class II or III					
railroad utilizing a					
temporary exception					
under this section					
236.1007(c) – An HSR-	36 railroads	1 HSR-125 document	3,200	3,200	\$368,000
125 document			hours	hours	
accompanying a host					
railroad's PTCSP, for					
operations over 125 mph					
(c)(1) – A railroad's	36 railroads	1 request	8,000	8,000	\$608,000
request for approval to			hours	hours	
use foreign service data,					
prior to submission of a					
PTCSP					

(d) (formerly (e)) – A	36 railroads	1 request	1,000	1,000	\$115,000
railroad's request in a	30 famoads	1 request	hours	hours	Ψ115,000
PTCSP that FRA excuse			nours	nours	
compliance with one or					
more of this section's					
requirements					
236.1009(a)(2) – A	264 railroads	1 PTCIP	535	535	\$61,525
PTCIP if a railroad	204 famoads	TTTCH	hours	hours	ψ01,323
becomes a host railroad			nours	nours	
of a main line requiring					
the implementation of a					
PTC system, including					
the information under 49					
U.S.C. 20157(a)(2) and					
49 CFR 236.1011					
(a)(3) – Any new PTCIPs	264 railroads	1 joint PTCIP	267	267	\$30,705
jointly filed by a host	20.14	1 jouis 1 1 011	hours	hours	φεσ, τσε
railroad and a tenant			110 6115	110 0115	
railroad					
(b)(1) – A host railroad's	264 railroads	1 document	8 hours	8 hours	\$608
submission, individually	201141110443	1 document	Ollouis	Onours	φοσο
or jointly with a tenant					
railroad or PTC system					
supplier, of an					
unmodified Type					
Approval					
(b)(2) – A host railroad's	264 railroads	1 PTCDP	2,000	2,000	\$152,000
submission of a PTC		_	hours	hours	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Development Plan					
(PTCDP) with the					
information required					
under 49 CFR 236.1013,					
requesting a Type					
Approval for a PTC					
system that either does					
not have a Type					
Approval or has a Type					
Approval that requires					
one or more variances					
(e)(3) – Any request for	42 railroads	10 confidentiality requests	8 hours	80	\$6,080
full or partial				hours	
confidentiality of a					
PTCIP, Notice of Product					
Intent (NPI), PTCDP, or					
PTCSP					

(h) – Any responses or	36 railroads	36 interviews and	4 hours	144	\$10,944
documents submitted in	50 rumouds	documents	Hours	hours	Ψ10,511
connection with FRA's		documents		nours	
use of its authority to					
monitor, test, and inspect					
processes, procedures,					
facilities, documents,					
records, design and					
testing materials,					
artifacts, training					
materials and programs,					
and any other					
information used in the					
design, development,					
manufacture, test,					
implementation, and					
operation of the PTC					
system, including interviews with railroad					
personnel	36 railroads	20 documents	400	0.000	¢ <i>E</i> 00 000
(j)(2)(iii) – Any	36 railroads	20 documents	400	8,000	\$608,000
additional information			hours	hours	
provided in response to					
FRA's consultations or					
inquiries about a PTCDP					
or PTCSP	26 11 1	0 11	0.1	4.5	<b>**</b> ***
236.1011(e) – Any public	36 railroads	2 public comments	8 hours	16	\$1,216
comment on PTCIPs,				hours	
NPIs, PTCDPs, and					
PTCSPs					
236.1015 – Any new host	264 railroads	1 PTCSP	8,000	8,000	\$608,000
railroad's PTCSP			hours	hours	
meeting all content					
requirements under 49					
CFR 236.1015					
(g) – A PTCSP for a PTC	36 railroads	1 PTCSP	3,200	3,200	\$243,200
system replacing an			hours	hours	
existing certified PTC					
system					
(h) – A quantitative risk	36 railroads	1 assessment	3,200	3,200	\$243,200
assessment, if FRA			hours	hours	
requires one to be					
submitted					
236.1017(a) – An	21 railroads	1 assessment	1,600	1,600	\$184,000
independent third-party			hours	hours	
assessment, if FRA					
requires one to be					
conducted and submitted					
(b) – A railroad's written	21 railroads	1 written request	8 hours	8 hours	\$608
request to confirm		-			
whether a specific entity					
qualifies as an					
independent third party	l l	l		l l	
- Further information	21 railroads	1 set of additional	20 hours	20	\$1,520

request					
(d) – A request not to provide certain documents otherwise required under Appendix F for an independent, third-party assessment	21 railroads	1 request	20 hours	20 hours	\$1,520
(e) – A request for FRA to accept information certified by a foreign regulatory entity for purposes of 49 CFR 236.1017 and/or 236.1009(i)	21 railroads	1 request	32 hours	32 hours	\$2,432
236.1019(b) – A request for a passenger terminal main line track exception (MTEA)	37 railroads	1 MTEA	160 hours	160 hours	\$12,160
(c)(1) – A request for a limited operations exception (based on restricted speed, temporal separation, or a risk mitigation plan)	37 railroads	1 request and/or plan	160 hours	160 hours	\$12,160
236.1021(a)–(d) – Any request for amendment (RFA) to a railroad's PTCIP, PTCDP, and/or PTCSP	36 railroads	10 RFAs	160 hours	1,600 hours	\$121,600
(e) – Any public comments, if an RFA includes a request for approval of a discontinuance or material modification of a signal or train control system and a <i>Federal Register</i> notice is published	5 interested parties	10 RFA public comments	16 hours	160 hours	\$12,160
236.1023(a) – A railroad's PTC Product Vendor List, which must be continually updated	36 railroads	2 updated lists	8 hours	16 hours	\$1,216
(b)(2)–(3) – A vendor's or supplier's notification, upon receipt of a report of any safety-critical failure of its product, to any railroads using the product	10 vendors	.5 notifications	8 hours	4 hours	\$304

(d) – A railroad's	36 railroads	2.5 notifications	16 hours	40	\$3,040
submission, to the	56 faiireads	2.5 notifications	16 Hours	_	\$3,040
				hours	
applicable vendor or					
supplier, of the railroad's					
procedures for action					
upon notification of a					
safety-critical failure,					
upgrade, patch, or					
revision to the PTC					
system and actions to be					
taken until it is adjusted,					
repaired, or replaced					
(e) – A railroad's	36 railroads	36 database updates	16 hours	576	\$43,776
database of all safety-				hours	
relevant hazards, which					
must be maintained after					
the PTC system is placed					
in service					
(e)(1) – A railroad's	36 railroads	.5 notifications	8 hours	4 hours	\$304
notification to the vendor					,
or supplier and FRA if					
the frequency of a safety-					
relevant hazard exceeds					
the threshold set forth in					
the PTCDP and PTCSP,					
and about the failure,					
malfunction, or defective					
condition that decreased					
or eliminated the safety					
functionality					
(e)(2) – Continual	36 railroads	5 undates	8 hours	4 hours	\$204
	56 faiireads	.5 updates	8 Hours	4 Hours	\$304
updates about any and all					
subsequent failures	36 railroads		40.1	20	Φ1. <b>52</b> 0
(g) – A railroad's and	36 railroads	.5 reports	40 hours	20	\$1,520
vendor's or supplier's				hours	
report, upon FRA					
request, about an					
investigation of an					
accident or service					
difficulty due to a					
manufacturing or design					
defect and their					
corrective actions					
(h) – A PTC system	10 vendors	.5 reports	8 hours	4 hours	\$304
vendor's or supplier's					
reports of any safety-					
relevant failures,					
defective conditions,					
previously unidentified					
hazards, recommended					
mitigation actions, and					
any affected railroads					
236.1029(b)(4) – A	36 railroads	1,000 reports	30	500	\$38,000
report of an en route		, 1	minutes	hours	,
failure, other failure, or					

cut out to a designated railroad officer of the					
host railroad					
(h) – An annual report of PTC system failures due April 16th each year after a railroad's applicable deadline for full PTC system implementation	36 railroads	36 reports	8 hours	288 hours	\$21,888
236.1031(a)–(d) – A railroad's Request for Expedited Certification (REC)	36 railroads	1 REC letter + supporting documentation	8 hours	8 hours	\$608
236.1035(a)–(b) – A railroad's request for authorization to field test an uncertified PTC system and any responses to FRA's testing conditions	36 railroads	10 requests	40 hours	400 hours	\$30,400
236.1037(b) – Results of inspections and tests specified in a railroad's PTCSP and PTCDP	36 railroads	800 records	1 hour	800 hours	\$60,800
(c) – A contractor's records related to the testing, maintenance, or operation of a PTC system maintained at a designated office	36 railroads	1,600 records	10 minutes	267 hours	\$20,292
(d)(3) – A railroad's final report of the results of the analysis and countermeasures taken to reduce the frequency of safety-related hazards below the threshold set forth in the PTCSP	36 railroads	.5 final reports	160 hours	80 hours	\$6,080
236.1039(a)–(c), (e) – A railroad's PTC Operations and Maintenance Manual (OMM), which must be maintained and available to FRA upon request	36 railroads	2 OMM updates	10 hours	20 hours	\$1,520
(d) – A railroad's identification of a PTC system's safety-critical components, including spare equipment	36 railroads	1 identified new component	1 hour	1 hour	\$76
236.1041(a)–(b) and 236.1043(a) – A railroad's PTC Training and Qualification Program (i.e., a written	36 railroads	2 programs	10 hours	20 hours	\$1,520

plan)					
236.1043(b) – Training records retained in a designated location and available to FRA upon request	36 railroads	500 PTC training records	1 minute	8 hours	\$608
Total	N/A	4,568,393 responses	N/A	68,373 hours	\$5,533,356

Total Estimated Annual Responses: 4,568,393.

Total Estimated Annual Burden: 68,373 hours.

Total Estimated Annual Burden Hour Dollar Cost Equivalent: \$5,533,356.

Under 44 U.S.C. 3507(a) and 5 CFR 1320.5(b) and 1320.8(b)(3)(vi), FRA informs all interested parties that it may not conduct or sponsor, and a respondent is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**Authority:** 44 U.S.C. 3501–3520; 49 U.S.C. 20157.

### Brett A. Jortland,

Acting Chief Counsel.

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